How to Prevent Type 2 Diabetes

Ways to Prevent Type 2 Diabetes

Decrease screen time and increase physical activities

- Limit screen time to no more than 2 hours a day
- 1 hour of exercise a day for most days of the week to help decrease risk of developing chronic diseases

Maintain A Healthy Eating Habit

- Avoid excess sugar-sweetened
- Choose whole food, fresh fruits and home-made fruit juices for fiber and antioxidants that promote good health
- Eat complex carbohydrates us simple carbohydrates to maintain stable blood sugar and avoid overeating.

The rise of diabetes in children and adults in related to unhealthy lifestyle, including excess of simple carbohydrate intake and lack of physical activity. If diabetes is not managed properly, they may experience the following symptoms:

| ncreased | Increased |
|----------|-----------|
| Thirst | Urination |

Weight Loss







Blurred Vision

Slow-healing wounds

| Nutriti | on | Facts |
|--------------------|-------|----------------------|
| Serving Size 1 bar | | |
| Amount Per Serving | | |
| Calories 220 | C | Calories from Fat 10 |
| | | % Daily Value |
| Total Fat 11g | | 17% |
| Saturated Fat 4g | | 20% |
| Trans Fat 0g | | |
| Cholesterol 5mg | | 2% |
| Sodium 115mg | | 5% |
| Potassium Omg | | 0% |
| Total Carbohydra | te 28 | g 9% |
| Dietary Fiber 1g | | 4% |
| Sugars 23g | | |
| Protein 4g | | 8% |
| | | |
| Vitamin A 0% | • | Vitamin C 0% |
| Calcium 4% | • | Iron 0% |

Recommended daily sugar intake by the American Heart Association

| Children aged 4 to 6 years | < 19 grams or 5 tsp |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Children aged 7 to 10 years | < 24 grams or 6 tsp |
| Children aged 11 years or above | < 30 grams or 7 tsp |
| | |
| Adult men | < 36 grams or 9 tsp |
| Adult men Adult women | < 36 grams or 9 tsp < 25 grams or 6 tsp |

Speak with your doctor about a plan that's right for you to prevent or manage diabetes.



To learn more about our doctor's group, call Customer Service Hotline: (888) 621-0230 https://www.hanahoumedicalgroup.com

Resources: AcademicJournals.org; Journal of Physiology and Pathophysiology

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